

### CHANGE. IT HAPPENS. ESPECIALLY TO YOUR DATA.

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strategy | design | development | operations | production | outreach high-tech : big : open : geospatial : science : remote sensing : visualization : ETL : wrangling : IT



# Knowledge Information and Data Strategy *KID*

### Cross Domain Knowledge for Interdependent Organizations and Systems Workshop 111, TRB 96<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting



Jim Barrett , Xentity – January 8, 2017

- Describe the KID model that fuses Data, Information and Knowledge practices and governance
- Explore its' benefits and possibilities for transportation / resiliency
  - Planning, policy
  - Investments cost benefits
  - Risk Management
  - Complex and adaptive systems.

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"[T]he ability to prepare and plan for, absorb, recover from, or more successfully adapt to adverse events" \*

Transportation Resiliency is a complex knowledge challenge!

Resiliency Findings & Recommendations

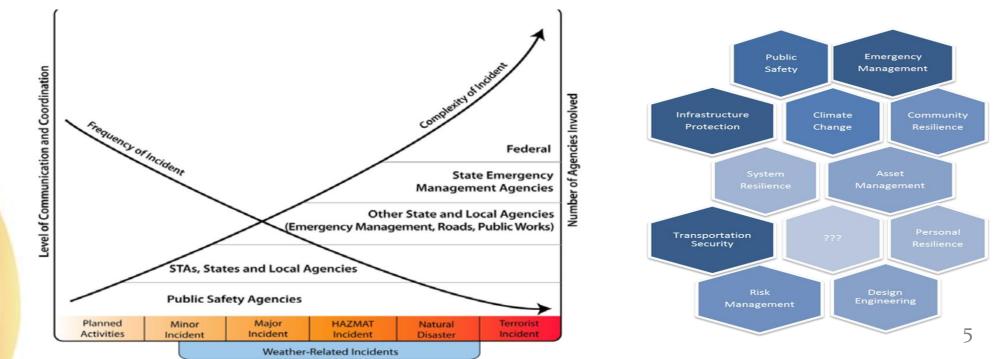
- Systemic risks causing system disruptions
- Incorporating resilience into operational practice.
- Investing in resilient infrastructure.
- The importance of conducting a quadrennial review of transportation infrastructure.
- **Developing tools**, models and standards to mitigate risks
- **..** Operationalizing resilience

\* American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), Special Committee on Transportation Security and Emergency Management (SCOTSEM)

omplex

- Dynamic Risk inconsistent change
- Greater unpredictability/long time frames
- System of Systems (SoS)- interdependencies
- Multiple Domains
- Multiple organizational interdependencies
- Semantics and standards inconsistencies

### **Resiliency Plans & Strategies need to be dynamic!**



# The challenges DOTs face\*:

- aging infrastructure,
- evolving customer expectations,
- availability of new sources of data,
- rapid technology/innovation advances,
- outdated information technology (IT) strategies

\* TURNING DATA INTO INFORMATION FOR TRANSPORT DECISION MAKING (Cambridge Systematics)

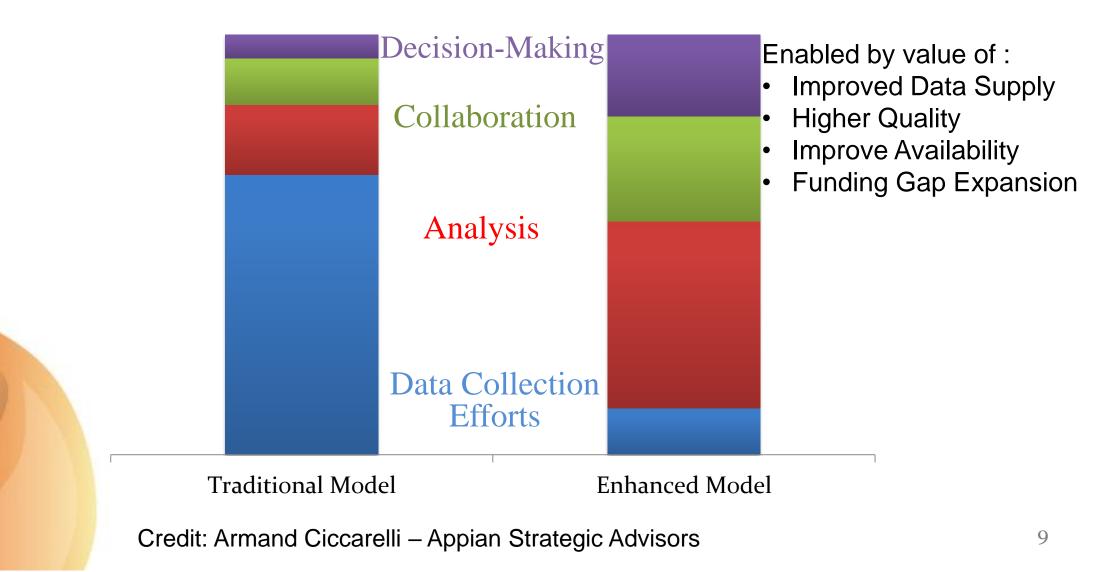
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### Are we at a time when industry, needs to think differently about knowledge challenges like transportation resiliency?

- To address the increasing volume, speed and sources of data
- Our approach to creating, acquiring and sustaining organizational knowledge?
- How we architect and design for an organization to be knowledge:
  - centric?
  - driven
  - knowledge workers front and center?

- Knowledge economy
- Volume of data
- Velocity of data
- Veracity of data
- Hidden data
- Multiplicity of sources
  - Productization
  - Specialization
- Technology Opportunities
  - **Brokers**
  - Geospatial
  - Mediators
  - Lakes, Puddles, Big Data, Warehouses etc....
  - Semantics, ontologies, controlled vocabularies

# New Operating Models suggest behavior shifts



### Data Value Network Model

#### NOT Self-Organizing

### Self-Organizing

**Community of Suppliers** 

**Community of Users** 



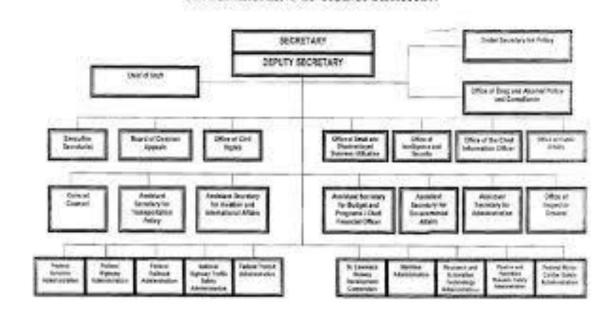
#### **Efficiency Measures**

**Effectiveness Measures** 

Service Architecture: Metadata Aggregation and Syndication Infrastructure and Platform Services <u></u>

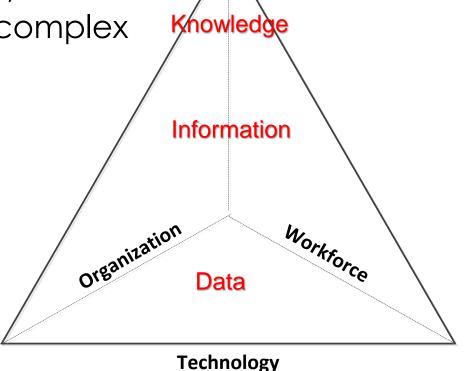
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# Innovation is found within the "white" spaces of the organization – between units, domains and skill areas



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

- Technology: with a focus on technology, ideally those that enhance knowledge sharing and creation
- Organizational: lead and design to facilitate knowledge processes best
  - Workforce: focus on the interaction of people, identity, knowledge, and environmental factors as a complex adaptive system akin to a natural ecosystem.



KID and Socia Engineering

- "Open source software is to Software engineers as
  Data and Information will be to Knowledge Workers"
  Xentity
- "Data Use challenges are half technical and half social"
  - NSF Earth Cube Program

Attributed to someone at every science meeting

"At Xerox Corporation, knowledge management is 90 percent social process and 10 percent infrastructure, for instance. Knowledge management leverages and reuses the organization's existing resources to help people seek out best practices, not reinvent the wheel."

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- Data stored in many, diverse locations across the enterprise: Inaccessible, many formats
- Need decision-quality data to support enhancements to planning and programming - improved allocation of limited resources
  - More objective programming and project selection
  - How to make use of new sources of data
    - 3rd Party Probe-based data / Connected Data to support operations
    - Non-traditional data sources (e.g., Twitter) to support customer service needs
- Need for better predictions and forecasts
  - Costs-oriented capital, operations, and maintenance
  - Performance-oriented (both output and outcome)
  - More effectively demonstrate the value of programs to policy makers

